

Welcome to School

This is how things work at school. We hope you'll like it!





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All people are as valuable as each other, regardless of ethnicity, gender, gender identity or expression, sexual orientation, functional impairment, age, religion or beliefs.

Treat others like you want to be treated. If you do, collaboration at school will work.

It's important to tell the truth. School should help you to do the right thing. If things go wrong, you should say so. At school, we'll sort out what went wrong together. We solve conflicts by talking.

At school, we talk to each other in a respectful way. You have to use the right words. That means that swearwords, derogatory terms and sexual slang words are completely prohibited in all languages.

Each school has its own rules. It's important to follow them so that coexisting works, and everyone can have a nice time at school.

Each school also has an expectation document where guardians and students can read about what is expected of them. You can also read about what you as a guardian or student can expect from staff.

Befor er School

Guardians have a duty to keep updated about school by reading information in digital learning platform Vklass. Login details are sent to guardians' homes. You can read about what homework and activities the student has. You can read daily information in the Vklass app. You can read assessments in the web version of Vklass, which you'll reach via link on www.savsjo.se. You'll need a bank ID to log in there.

It's important to be on time. Be on time for school in the morning, and return from break at the right time.

If the student is ill, or can't come to school for any other reason, the guardian must always register absence in Vklass.

School is compulsory from preschool class up to and including year 9. Therefore, time off is only approved in special circumstances. Applications for time off are made in Vklass, and are approved or denied by the principal or mentor.

If the student cycles to and from school, they have to wear a bike helmet. People aged under 15 are legally required to wear a bike helmet.

When school is over, it's time to go home.



The Class

Students are normally placed in a year group based on their age.

All school subjects are compulsory, and you have to demonstrate knowledge of all parts of the subject to pass the assessment or get a passing grade. Assessments are given in years 1 – 5, and grades in years 6 – 9.

At school, all adults are authorities, regardless of gender, age or professional category. During classes, students and teachers have to make an effort. Going to school is an important job.

Mobile phones are not used at school. The school has the digital tools the students need.

If you bring valuables to school, you are responsible for them.

Teaching

The teachers educate the students based on the purpose, central content and knowledge requirements of the syllabus. Knowledge development is regularly documented in digital learning platform Vklass.

In years 1 – 5, the student gets a written assessment once per school year.

In years 6 – 9, the student gets grades every term in December and June.



Break Time

During breaks, the student should go outside. It's important to have the right clothes, so that we can go outside regardless of the weather.

When the bell rings, students go straight to class.

Leaving school grounds during school hours is prohibited.

Everyone has to follow the school rules.

Everyone has to follow the rules of ball games and other games.



The Canteen

When the student starts school, the guardians decide what diet the student should have in the canteen. It's important that the student sticks to this, as kitchen staff make as many portions as have been ordered. If the student wishes to change their diet, the guardian should inform the school. All food is clearly labelled, so the student can see what food to take.

The food is free. We want to avoid food waste. So, as a student, think about only taking as much as you will eat.

PE

At school, the student gets compulsory education in PE and swimming. The student should bring appropriate clothes for this, and should get changed just before the lesson. They'll also need a towel since they shower after class. Girls and boys have separate changing rooms and showers. It may be possible to get changed and shower in an individual space if necessary.

Leisure-Time Centres

Students at compulsory school or compulsory school for children with learning disabilities are entitled to a place at a leisure-time centre if their guardians are studying or working. You can apply for a place on the municipality's website www.savsjo.se.

Leisure-time centre operations are provided according to requirement, considering guardians' work or studies.

Health Tips



Food

It's important that the student eats before school in the morning. If the student has a place at the leisure-time centre in the morning, breakfast is served there.



Physical Activity

It's good to move every day by going out to play, exercise, cycle, walk or run.



Sleep

Children aged 6 – 15 need around 9 – 11 hours of sleep per night. Sleep is important to get through a whole day at school.



Contact

Children and Education, Compulsory School
Djurgårdsgatan 1, Sävsjö

Telephone: 0382-15200
Email: utbildning@savsjo.se

Student Health

There is a school nurse and a school welfare officer at the school. The school nurse offers health chats, gives vaccinations, and can help in contacts with health care providers. The school welfare officer provides support when students need to talk to someone. The school nurse and the school welfare officer are both bound by professional secrecy.

Study Support

Many schools offer study support after the end of the school day. The student can stay at school to finish tasks that haven't been done yet, get something explained to them one more time, or get support with their homework.

Mother Tongue

Students with a mother tongue other than Swedish can be offered mother tongue education. If the student is registered for mother tongue education, this education is compulsory.

The mother tongue teacher performs regular assessments of the student's knowledge development. These are documented in learning platform Vklass. The student gets a grade for mother tongue twice per school year in years 6 – 9. In years 1 – 5, the student gets a written assessment once per school year.

Study Counselling

Study counselling in a language other than Swedish can be offered. Study counselling is to contribute to the student reaching the knowledge requirements in each of the different school subjects.

